Agenda Item 8



Report to Policy Committee

Author/Lead Officer of Report: Philip Gregory, Director of Finance and Commercial Services

Tel: +44 114 474 1438

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Report of:	Philip Gregory, Director of Finance & Commercial Services
Report to:	Communities Parks & Leisure Committee
Date of Decision:	12 th December 2023
Subject:	2023-24 Q2 Budget Monitoring Report

Has an Equality Impact Assessment (EIA) been undertaken? Yes No x					
If YES, what EIA reference number has it been given? (Insert refer	rence number)				
Has appropriate consultation taken place?	Yes No x				
Has a Climate Impact Assessment (CIA) been undertaken?	Yes No x				
Does the report contain confidential or exempt information?	Yes No x				
If YES, give details as to whether the exemption applies to the full report and/or appendices and complete below:-	eport / part of the				
"The (report/appendix) is not for publication because it contains ex under Paragraph (insert relevant paragraph number) of Schedule Government Act 1972 (as amended)."					

Purpose of Report:

This report brings the Committee up to date with the Council's General Fund Revenue outturn position for 2023/24 as at Quarter 2

Recommendations:

The Committee is recommended to:

Note the updated information and management actions on the 2023/24 Revenue Budget Outturn as described in this report.

Background Papers:

2023/24 Revenue Budget

Lea	ad Officer to complete: -			
1	I have consulted the relevant departments in respect of any relevant implications	Finance: Philip Gregory, <i>Director of Finance and Commercial Services</i>		
	indicated on the Statutory and Council Policy Checklist, and comments have been incorporated / additional forms	Legal: Sarah Bennett, Assistant Director, Legal and Governance		
	completed / EIA completed, where required.	Equalities & Consultation: Adele Robinson, Equalities and Engagement Manager, Policy, and Performance.		
		Climate: n/a		
	Legal, financial/commercial and equalities in the name of the officer consulted must be in	mplications must be included within the report and acluded above.		
2	SLB member who approved submission: Philip Gregory, Director of Finance and Commercial Services			
3	Committee Chair consulted:	Cllr Zahira Naz, Chair of the Finance Committee		
4	on the Statutory and Council Policy Checklis	en obtained in respect of the implications indicated st and that the report has been approved for nember indicated at 2. In addition, any additional as required at 1.		
	Lead Officer Name: Philip Gregory	Job Title: Director of Finance and Commercial Services		
	Jane Wilby	Head of Accounting		
	Date: 30th November 2023			

1. PROPOSAL

1.1. This report provides an update on the current outturn position for Sheffield City Council's revenue budget for 2023/24.

2023-24 Q2 Financial Position by Directorate

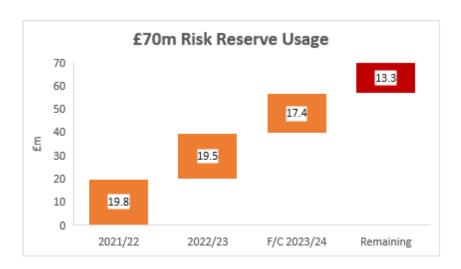
1.2. At the end of the second quarter of 2023-24, the Council's revenue budget shows a forecast overspend of £17.4m. This was a movement of £200k from the previous quarter's outturn position.

Full Year £m	Q2 Outturn	Budget	Q2 Variance	Q1 Variance	Move- ment
Neighbourhood Services	149.2	145.9	3.3	3.2	0.1
Adults	146.8	143.4	3.4	3.5	(0.1)
Children's	138.9	130.1	8.8	8.7	0.0
City Futures	49.1	48.2	1.0	0.6	0.3
Public Health & Integrated Commissioning	14.2	12.4	1.8	(0.2)	2.0
Strategic Support	14.1	9.7	4.4	4.7	(0.3)
Corporate	(494.9)	(489.7)	(5.2)	(3.0)	(2.2)
Total	17.4	(0.0)	17.4	17.6	(0.2)

1.3. This overspend is due to a combination of factors. Agreed Budget Improvement Plans ("BIPs") are not forecast to fully deliver within the year. There are underlying cost and demand pressures faced by services that are partially offset by one-off items. These "one-offs" consist of grant income, draws from specific reserves or provisions and income from central government or external sources.

Full Year Variance £m	One-off	BIPs	Trend	Total Variance
Neighbourhood Services	(4.0)	2.5	4.8	3.3
Adults	(9.9)	2.7	10.7	3.4
Children's	(3.9)	4.0	8.8	8.8
City Futures	0.5	0.4	0.0	1.0
Public Health & Integrated Commissioning	0.0	0.0	1.8	1.8
Strategic Support	(0.2)	0.0	4.6	4.4
Corporate	0.0	0.0	(5.2)	(5.2)
Total	(17.5)	9.6	25.4	17.4

1.4. In 2021/22, the Council set aside £70m of reserves to manage the financial risks associated with delivering a balanced budget position. Overspends against budgets in 2021/22 and 2022/23 have meant we have drawn almost £40m from this reserve already leaving just over £30m to manage any future budget deficits. If we overspent by £17.4m as this current forecast outturn position suggests, just £13m would be left to mitigate future budget pressures.



1.5. 2023-24 Q2 Financial Position by Committee

1.5.1. The major budget risk areas are in Childrens & Adults Social Care and in Homelessness services:

Full Year £m	Q2 Outturn	Budget	Q2 Variance	Q1 Variance	Move- ment
Adult Health & Social Care	155.4	152.3	3.1	3.2	(0.1)
Communities Parks and Leisure	47.4	46.6	8.0	0.3	0.5
Economic Development & Skills	10.9	10.9	(0.0)	0.1	(0.1)
Education, Children & Families	142.9	132.1	10.9	8.9	2.0
Housing	11.2	8.1	3.2	3.2	(0.0)
Strategy & Resources	(459.4)	(460.0)	0.6	3.1	(2.5)
Transport, Regeneration & Climate	43.1	43.1	(0.0)	(0.4)	0.4
Waste & Street Scene	65.8	66.9	(1.1)	(8.0)	(0.3)
Total	17.4	(0.0)	17.4	17.6	(0.2)

1.5.2. In 22/23, the Council's overspend improved by over £14m from the first quarter's forecasts to final outturn. This was mainly due to additional income received rather than underlying improvements in budgets and cost reductions. A big contributor to this was the Government's £500m discharge fund announced in November 2022.

Many underlying budget issues in social care services still remain and this is reflected in the current forecast position. Following the chancellor's Autumn Statement, our expectation is that no further funding will be available for local government. Services must continue to work hard to deliver within the budgets available and work pro-actively to deliver on the savings we have committed to.

1.5.3. Most of the overspend is due to underlying cost and demand pressures in services. We estimate that £26m is embedded in the baseline costs but is somewhat mitigated by one-off income, this includes the in-year social care grant:

Full Year Variance £m	One- off	BIPs	Trend	Total Varianc e
Adult Health & Social Care	(9.9)	2.7	10.3	3.1
Communities Parks & Leisure	0.0	0.2	0.6	0.8
Economic Dev & Skills	0.0	0.0	(0.0)	(0.0)
Education, Children & Families	(3.9)	4.0	10.9	10.9
Housing	(1.7)	0.2	4.7	3.2
Strategy & Resources	(2.0)	2.2	0.4	0.6

Total	(18.0)	9.6	25.9	17.4	
Waste & Street Scene	(0.5)	0.3	(0.9)	(1.1)	
Transport, Regen & Climate	0.0	0.1	(0.2)	(0.0)	

1.5.4. Balancing the General Fund 2023/24 budget was only possible because the Council identified £47.7m of savings:

General Fund Budget Improvement Plans (in £m)

Committee	Total Savings	Financial Savings Deliver- able in Year	In Year Gap	Financial Savings Deliverabl e Next Year (Slippage)	Undelivera ble Savings
Adult Health & Social Care	31.6	28.9	2.7	3.3	0.6
Comm, Parks & Leisure	2.0	1.9	0.2		0.2
Economic Dev & Skills	0.5	0.5	0.0		0.0
Ed, Children & Families	6.9	2.9	4.0	0.3	3.6
Housing	0.6	0.5	0.2		0.2
Strategy & Resources	4.1	1.9	2.2	2.1	0.2
Transport, Regen & Climate	0.8	0.7	0.1		0.1
Waste & Street Scene	1.1	0.8	0.3		0.3
Grand Total	47.7	38.1	9.6	5.7	3.9
Delivery %		80%		12%	8%

The current forecasts show £9.6m savings plans are undeliverable this year. This represents an in-year delivery rate of 80% against target. A further 12% of targeted savings will be made in 24/25 leaving just 8% undeliverable.

In 22/23, less than 65% of savings targets were delivered. Whilst we are improving upon overall delivery performance, we are still falling short of targets meaning further draws could be required from our financial contingency reserve to meet these overspends if they are not proactively managed and mitigated. Delivering in year budgets must be a key focus for all services for the Council to retain financial sustainability.

1.5.5. Inflation is continuing to fall; from April 2023 CPI at 7.8% to 6.3% in September (month 6). This fall in inflation does not mean that our cost base will now reduce, higher costs are now embedded in baseline expenditure. There is an increased demand for services alongside cost pressures in social care, home to school transport and homelessness services.

1.6. **Key Committee Overspends:**

£3.1m

1.6.1. Adult Health and The high cost of packages of care put in place during covid Social Care are increased our baseline costs and this carries into 23/24. A **forecast to** huge amount of work has been done as part of an investment **overspend by** plan to tackle the underlying issues. One off funding has mitigated the position this year leaving a £0.5m overspend in the purchasing budgets. Work continues on the package reviews to reduce the baseline costs for the future. Recovery work is underway including establishment of Task & Finish groups and the development of business cases around invest to saves including focus on enablement, day services, reviewing high cost 1 to 1 support and maximising income.

The main area of overspend in the service now sits in staffing budgets. Service improvements in the Short -Term Intervention Team (STIT) are underway to deliver a stable position.

1.6.2. Education, Children and Families are forecast to overspend by £10.9m

The key overspends in the service relate to placements with external residential placements a particular issue which are forecast to exceed the previous year's costs by £6.6m. The average placement cost is £5,400 per week but due to a limited number of places in the city, placements for the most complex children can cost a much more. Actions are being taken to ensure that the right costs for placements are being met by all elements including education and where possible health. High-cost placements are also being reviewed.

The savings proposal for £1.6m to increase fostering placements this year is forecast to not be delivered. Marketing is taking place, but our number of foster carers remains static. Nationally this has been an issue since the pandemic as older foster carers decided to exit the market and there has not been the like for like recruitment to new foster carers

Further demand in home to school transport costs are forecast to create a £3m overspend against budgets this year. Whilst not included in the month 6 position, the new school year has increased this overspend with a further 89 children now requiring transportation to school. Sheffield City Council are now supporting over 2,360 children with transportation to school, this has increased by almost 1,000 children in 4 years. An overarching review of this area will commence in 2024.

Integrated Commissioning budgets are forecast to overspend by £2m in recognition of the unachieved saving from 2022/23 relating to leveraging additional funding from Health partners.

1.6.3. Homelessness support in temporary and exempt accommodation is forecast to cost the Council £8.4m

pport in payments made by the Council even though it sets the rules that determine the amount the Council has to pay. In 2022/23, the Council incurred a loss of £5.9m as a result of the legislation relating to temporary homelessness and supported accommodation. The Council is essentially bridging the gap between the amount the accommodation costs to procure and the amount we are able to recover via housing benefits.

In 2023-24, this is forecast to cost the Council £4.9m for temporary accommodation and £3.5m for supported accommodation. The shortfalls are split between the Housing General Fund and Strategy and Resources budgets respectively.

1.6.4. This current forecast in-year overspend must be urgently managed and mitigated to avoid the risk that the Council has to look to our available financial contingency reserve (£30m) to balance at year end. Maintenance of a prudent level of contingency reserves is critical to ensure stability and sustainability for 2024/25 onwards.

The Budget Implementation Group

1.6.5. A working group has been set up to drive improvements in budget delivery

A senior officer working group has been established to help drive delivery of the budget. The purpose of the Budget Improvement Group (BIG) is to improve the delivery of the Council's annual Revenue Budget (both General Fund and Housing Revenue Account) and in particular the delivery of the Budget Improvement Plans (BIPs). It will look to facilitate Council wide learning. The group is jointly chaired by the Director of Finance and Commercial Services and the Chief Operating Officer. The group has a nominated core member from each Directorate: Adults, Children's, City Futures, Neighbourhoods and Strategic Support Services.

Transformation Funding

1.6.6. The Council identified £4m to support transformation activity

As part of 2023-24 budget setting, the Council identified a £4m fund that would be used to support programmes of change in the organisation, expedite the delivery of savings plans or support where delivery of savings has become "stuck". The "BIG" group has provided advice, challenge, and recommendations for allocation of the transformation funding to the Council's Performance and Delivery Board.

In August 2023, the Performance & Delivery board approved bids to support delivery of programmes in Adult Social Care, Housing, Children's services, ICT, HR, and Organisational Strategy to build upon the Future Sheffield programme. These key projects will help stabilise the organisation and bring budgets back to a steady footing for the future. Each programme of work will be monitored, and progress reported to the Council's Performance & Delivery board to ensure activity remains on track. Overall performance will be reported to S&R committee and finance committee as part of in-year budget monitoring, with relevant policy committees overseeing progress on programmes in their areas.

Medium Term Financial Analysis (MTFA)

1.6.7. The MTFA presented to S&R Committee on 7th September detailed committee budget savings targets

The Council is facing a challenging financial position. The Strategy and Resources Committee on 5th September received the Councils Medium-Term Financial analysis, highlighted the financial pressures facing the Council over the coming 4 years and the potential gap of £61.2m in resources.

Each Committee was set a target to ensure a balanced budget for 2024/25, which requires them to find mitigations for any service pressures over above the additional resources allocated to them. The purpose of this is to allow the Council to achieve a balanced position for 2024/25 by the time the Strategy and Resources meets on 21st December 2023.

Timetable to 2024/25 Budget Setting

- 1.6.8. Services have been developing solutions to bridge the budget gap for 2024/25 and brought forward proposals recent policy committee meetings.
 - All Policy Committees will make their final decisions in December.
 - Consultation on the existing proposals and overall budget will need to take place.
 - Further budget balancing options will need to be developed.
 - The impact of the Local Government Financial Settlement to be assessed and reported.
 - On December 21st 2023, Strategy and Resources will be asked to make a recommendation on savings to date to Council.
 - On February the 21st 2024, Strategy and Resources will be asked to recommend the full Budget Report to Council

23-24 Q2 Committee Budget Outturn Position

1.7. Communities, Parks & Leisure Committee – overspend of £0.8m 1.7.1. The Full Year £m Outturn **Budget Variance Communities Community Services** Parks & (Community Safety; Family Leisure Centres; Youth Services; 11.8 11.4 0.3 Community Services Business Committee is Support) forecast to Parks, Leisure & Libraries overspend by (Bereavement: Coroner and £0.8m Medico Legal: Libraries and Archives; Parks and 34.9 34.1 0.7 Countryside; Partnerships and Special Projects; Physical Activity and Sports; Public Health) **Integrated Commissioning** 0.0 8.0 8.0 (Voluntary Sector) **Business Improvement** (0.1)0.2 (0.3)Total 47.4 46.6 8.0 1.7.2. There is Total One-Full Year Variance £m **BIPs Trend** Varforecast to be off iance a shortfall of **Community Services** BIP delivery (Community Safety; Family of £0.2m Centres; Youth Services; 0.0 0.0 0.3 0.3 relating to Community Services Business Parks and Support) Libraries Parks, Leisure & Libraries 0.0 0.2 0.6 0.7 **Integrated Commissioning** 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 (Voluntary Sector) **Business Improvement** 0.0 0.0 (0.3)(0.3)0.0 0.2 Total 0.6 8.0

1.7.3. Of the committee's £2m savings, £200k will not be delivered in year:

Budget Savings (BIPS) £m

Service	Financial RAG	Total Savings	Savings Delivera ble in Year	In Year Gap	Savings Delivera ble Next Year	Undelive rable Savings
PARKS,LEISURE &						
LIBRARIES	Red	0.6	0.4	0.2		0.2
	Green	1.1	1.1	0.0		0.0
PARKS,LEISURE &						
LIBRARIES Total		1.7	1.5	0.2		0.2
COMMUNITY						
SERVICES	Green	0.4	0.4	0.0		0.0
COMMUNITY						
SERVICES Total		0.4	0.4	0.0		0.0
Grand Total		2.0	1.9	0.2		0.2

1.7.4.	Libraries will under deliver BIPs by £135k	Libraries are set to fall short of the £585k target by £170k. This is part of a multi-year savings programme of £771k over 3 years. The shortfall will be mitigated by high vacancy rates this year. The next stage of redesign of library service is needed including a review of home library service as well as longer term review which needs to link into Council's approach to face to face service delivery in communities.
1.7.5.	There is a potential underspends in Youth Services	The Youth service underspent by £1.1m last year due to delays in the implementation of a new operating model and recruitment slippage. Continued delays into 23/24 could create an underspend again this year although the service is forecast to spend to budget.
1.7.6.	Community services is forecast to overspend by £348k	The overspend in the community services budgets relates to community support workers costs that were previously funded through Clinically Extremely Vulnerable grant funding which is no longer in place to support the expenditure.
1.7.7.	The Parks Leisure & Libraries Services are forecast to overspend by £735k	Coroner and Medico Legal Centre are forecast to overspend by £338k due to increased staffing and contractual costs and small assorted overspends elsewhere are being offset by business improvement vacancies (£305k).

2. HOW DOES THIS DECISION CONTRIBUTE?

2.1 The recommendations in this report are that the Policy Committee notes their 2023/24 budget forecast position and takes action on overspends.

3. HAS THERE BEEN ANY CONSULTATION?

3.1 There has been no consultation on this report, however, it is anticipated that the budget process itself will involve significant consultation as the Policy Committees develop their budget proposals

4. RISK ANALYSIS AND IMPLICATIONS OF THE DECISION

4.1 Equality Implications

4.1.1 There are no direct equality implications arising from this report. It is expected that individual Committees will use equality impact analyses as a basis for the development of their budget proposals in due course.

4.2 <u>Financial and Commercial Implications</u>

4.2.1 The primary purpose of this report is to provide Members with information on the City Council's revenue budget monitoring position for 2023/24.

4.3 Legal Implications

- 4.3.1 Under section 25 of the Local Government Act 2003, the Chief Finance Officer of an authority is required to report on the following matters:
 - the robustness of the estimates made for the purposes of determining its budget requirement for the forthcoming year; and
 - the adequacy of the proposed financial reserves.
- 4.3.2 There is also a requirement for the authority to have regard to the report of the Chief Finance Officer when making decisions on its budget requirement and level of financial reserves.
- 4.3.3 By the law, the Council must set and deliver a balanced budget, which is a financial plan based on sound assumptions which shows how income will equal spend over the short- and medium-term. This can take into account deliverable cost savings and/or local income growth strategies as well as useable reserves. However, a budget will not be balanced where it reduces reserves to unacceptably low levels and regard must be had to any report of the Chief Finance Officer on the required level of reserves under section 25 of the Local Government Act 2003, which sets obligations of adequacy on controlled reserves.

4.4 Climate Implications

4.4.1 There are no direct climate implications arising from this report. It is expected that individual Committees will consider climate implications as they develop their budget proposals in due course.

4.4 Other Implications

4.4.1 No direct implication

5. ALTERNATIVE OPTIONS CONSIDERED

5.1 The Council is required to both set a balance budget and to ensure that in-year income and expenditure are balanced. No other alternatives were considered.

6. REASONS FOR RECOMMENDATIONS

6.1 To record formally changes to the Revenue Budget.